

Transducers

Current and voltage transducers are applied for the measurement of sinusoidal alternating currents (Nominal-input current from 0,05 to 20A) and alternating voltages (Nominal input voltages from 200 to 690 V). For higher currents or voltages transformers have to be connected before. All transducers are able to snap on DIN rails.

Transducer of voltage / current CIP-CA/CV	page 7/1
Transducer of voltage or current CIP-V/I	page 7/4
Transducer of frequency CIP-HZ	page 7/8
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CIP-CA/CV - Transducers of Current / Voltage



- Arithmetical mean value measurement: Calibration to RMS with sine waveform (average aalue)
- Accuracy class 0.5 as per International Standard IEC/EN 60 688.

• Auxiliary power supply: 40 V-300 V AC/DC.

or 24 V-60 V AC/DC.

- Output Response Time < 250 ms.
- Fast and easy installation on DIN RAIL or onto a wall or in panel using optional screw hole bracket.

Application

The transducer CIP-CA / CIP-CV convert a sinusoidal AC current or AC voltage into load independent DC current or DC voltage proportional to the measured value.

Product Features

Measuring Input

AC voltage/current input signal, sine wave.

Auxiliary Power Supply

• 40 V-300 V AC/DC

or • 24 V-60 V AC/DC.

Analog Output

Isolated analog output which can be voltage or current.

Accuracy

Ouput signal accuracy class 0.5 as per International Standard IEC/EN60688.

LED Indication

Led indication for power ON

Symbols and their meaning

X Input AC Voltage / AC Current.Y Output DC Voltage / DC Current.

H/L Power supply.

F_N Nominal Frequency.

R_N Rated value of output burden.

 ${\sf U}_{\sf N}$ Nominal input voltage. ${\sf I}_{\sf N}$ Nominal input current.

Mode of operation

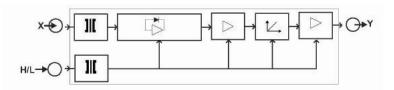
Input signal X is separated from the mains network by using a transformer.

The signal is rectified and filtered in rectifier unit.

The transformation properties of the measuring transducer are determined in the succeeding characteristics circuit.

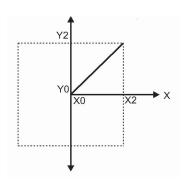
The output amplifiers transforms the measuring signal into an impressed output signal Y.

The circuit is supplied with Auxiliary supply H or L.



Output characteristics:

Example of setting with Linear Characteristics



X0 = Start value of input Y0 = Start value of input X2 = End value of input Y2 = End value of input



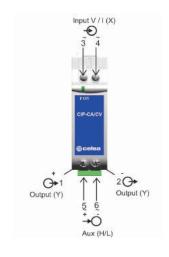
Technical Specifications	
Measuring Input X: Voltage Transducer CIP-C\	
Final value of Nominal input voltage Un (X2) AC RMS	63.5V ≤ U _N ≤ 500V
Nominal Frequency Fn	50 or 60Hz
Nominal input voltage burden	$< 0.6 \text{ VA}$ at U_N
Overload capacity	1.2*Un continuously
	2*U _N for 1 second, repeated 10 times at 10 minute intervals
Measuring Input X: Current Transducer CIP-CA	
Final value of Nominal input voltage In (X2) AC RMS	1A, 5A
Nominal Frequency F _N	50 or 60Hz
Nominal input current burden	< 0.2 VA at In
Overload capacity	1.2*In continuously
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10*In for 3 second, repeated 5 times at 5 minute intervals
	20* In for 1 second, repeated 5 times at 5 minute intervals
	50*In for 1 second
Measuring Output Y	
Output type	Load independent DC voltage or DC current
Load independient DC output (Y2)	Calibration to RMS with sine waveform (Average value)
	010mA, 0 20mA, 2 10mA, 420mA, 0 5V, 010V
Output burden with DC current output signal	$OV \le R \le 15V/Y2$
Output burden with DC voltage output signal	Y2/(2mA) ≤ R ≤ ∞
Current limit under overload R=0	≤ 1.6*Y2 with current output
The state of the s	≤ 25mA with voltage output
Voltage limit under R=∞	≤ 25thA with voltage output ≤ 1.6*Y2 with voltage output
, and go mini order	≤ 1.0 12 with volidge output
Residual Ripple in output signal	≤ 257 with correll colput ≤ 1% pk-pk
Response time	< 250ms
Auxiliary supply H/L	
Rated operating voltage (for high aux. supply H)	40300V AC/DC
Rated operating range of frequency (for high aux.Supply H	
Power consumption (for high aux. supply H)	< 4 VA
Rated operating voltage (for low aux. supply L)	24 60V AC ±10%
Rated operating volidge (101 low dux. supply L) Rated operating range of frequency (for low aux. supply L)	45 50 60 65Hz
Power consumption(for low Aux. supply L)	< 3 VA
Accuracy: Acc. to IEC/EN 60 688	
Reference Value	Output End Value Y2 (Voltage or Current)
Accuracy class	0.5
Reference conditions for accuracy	
Ambient temperature	23°C +/- 1°C
Pre-conditioning	30min according to IEC EN 60688
Input variable	rated voltage/rated current range
Input waveform	Sinusoidal
Input signal frequency	50 60Hz
Auxiliary supply voltage	Rated Value ±1%
Auxiliary supply frequency	Rated Value ±1%
Output load	$Rn = 7.5V / Y2 \pm 1\%$, with DC current output signal
•	$Rn = Y2 / 1 mA \pm 1\%$, with DC voltage output signal
Miscellaneous	according to IEC EN 60688
Additional Error	
Temperature influence	± 0.2% / 10°C
Influence of Variations	As per IEC EN 60688 Standard
Safety	11.16
Protection class	II (Protection isolated, EN 61010)
Protection	IP40, housing according to EN 60 529
Pollution degree	IP20, terminal according to EN 60 529 2
i ononon degree	Z
	50Hz,1min. (EN 61 010-1)
Installation category	JULIZ, LIIIII. (LIN UL UTU-1)
Installation category	
Installation category	5500V, Input versus outer surface.
Installation category	5500V, Input versus outer surface. 3700V, Input versus all other circuits.
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Installation category Installation voltage Installation data Mechanical housing	5500V, Input versus outer surface. 3700V, Input versus all other circuits. 3700V, Auxiliary supply versus input and output circuits. Lexan 940, polycarbonate Flammability class V-0 according to UL94, self extinguishing,
Installation category Installation voltage Installation data Mechanical housing	5500V, Input versus outer surface. 3700V, Input versus all other circuits. 3700V, Auxiliary supply versus input and output circuits. Lexan 940, polycarbonate Flammability class V-0 according to UL94, self extinguishing, non dripping, free of halogen
Installation category Installation voltage Installation data	5500V, Input versus outer surface. 3700V, Input versus all other circuits. 3700V, Auxiliary supply versus input and output circuits. Lexan 940, polycarbonate Flammability class V-0 according to UL94, self extinguishing,



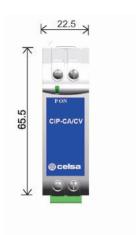
Connection Terminal	
Connection elemet	Convetional screw type terminal with indirect wire pressure
Permissible cross section of the connection lead	≤ 4.0mm² single wire or 2x2.5mm² fine wire
Environmental	
Nominal range of use	0°C <u>23°C</u> 45°C
Storage temperature	-40 to +70°C
Relative humidity of annual mean	≤ 75%
Altitude	up to 2000 m
Ambient tests	
Vibration	EN 60 068-2-6
Acceleration	± 2 g
Frequency range 1015010Hz	
Rate of frequency sweep 1 octave/minute	
Number of cycles	10, in each of the three axes
Schock	EN 60 068-2-7
Acceleration	3x50g
	3 shocks in each direction
Cold, dry, damp heat	EN 60 068-2-1/-2/-3
Electromagnetic compatibility	IEC 61000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6 EN 55 011

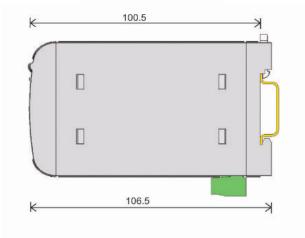
Electrical Connections:

Connection Terminal details		l details
Measuring input	~ ~	3 4
Auxiliary power supply	~, + ~,-	5 6
Measuring output	+	1 2



Dimensions:





Туре	Description	Output (to indicate)	Auxiliary supply (to indicate)
CIP-CA	Compact 1 output Current	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC
CIP-CV	Compact 1 output Voltage	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC



CIP-V/I - Transducers of voltage or current



- True RMD Measurement
- Onsite selectable output type (DC current/ DC voltage)
- Accuracy class 0.5 (IEC/EN60688)
- Wide auxiliary power supply which can be accept any between 60 300V AC/DC or 24V 60V AC/DC
- Output response time < 400ms
- · Fast and easy installation on DIN RAIL or onto a wall or in a panel using optional screw hole bracket
- Connection terminal: Conventional screw type
- LCD display
- Fully onsite programmable input range for CIP-V and input current range for CIP-I

Optional

- Available in single or dual output type
- RS485 (MODBUS) Communication

Application

The transducers CIP-V / CIP-I are used to measure and convert AC voltage or current input into a load independent DC current or voltage output signal. Output signal generated is proportional to the root mean square value of the input current or voltage.

Product Features

Measuring Input

AC voltage/current input signal, sine wave or distorted wave form

Analog Output (Single or dual)

Isolated analog output which can be set onsite either to voltage or current output..

Accuracy

Ouput signal accuracy class 0.5 as per International Standard IEC/EN60688.

Programmable Input/Output

The transducer can be programmed using front key and display or through RS485.

LED Indication

LED Indication for power in and output type.

(Current output: red LED / Voltage output: green LED).

Display Module

Optional 7 segment LCD display with backlit and keypad. For displaying measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

RS485 Communication (Optional)

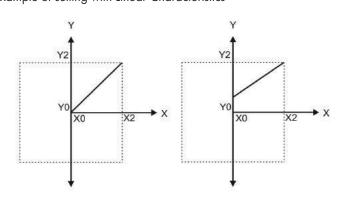
Optional RS485 communication is available. For reading measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

Symbols and their meaning

Χ	Input AC Voltage / AC Current
XO	Start value of input
X1	Elbow value of input
X2	End value of input
Υ	Output DC Voltage / DC Current
YO	Start value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
Y1	Elbow value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
Y2	End value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
R_N	Rated value of output burden
U_N	Nominal input voltage

Output characteristics:

Example of setting with Linear Characteristics



X0 =	Start value of input	Y0 =	Start value of input
X1 =	Elbow value of input	Y1 =	Elbow value of input
X2 =	End value of input	Y2 =	End value of input

Note: End value (Y2) of output cannot be changed onsite



Technical Specifications							
Measuring Input X							
Voltage Transducer CIP-V Nominal input voltage U _N (AC PT primary range Nominal Frequency F _N Nominal input voltage burder Overload capacity		「Secondary range)	57 V 45c < 0.6 1.2* fc	≤ U _N ≤ 500 V to 400 KV 66 Hz 5 VA at U _N U _N , continuously or 1 second, repeated 10 maximun 300V with pow			
No need of external potentiometer. User car	n set full sca	le output for desired input with the				om med	asuring inpu
Current Transducer CIP-I Nominal input current In (AC I CT primary range Nominal Frequency Fn Nominal input current burden Overload capacity		Secondary range)	1 A to 45o < 0.2 1.2*1	≤ I _N ≤ 5 A o 9999 A 66 Hz ? VA at I _N U _N , continuously for 3 second, repeated 3 for 1 second, repeated 3			« 250A)
No need of external potentiometer. User car		le output for desired input with the				•	·
Measuring Output Y(Single or optio Output type	nal dual)	Load independent DC voltage	or DC	Courrent Consite selectab	le through DIP switch	es or n	rogramming
Load independient DC output Output burden with DC current Signal Output burden with DC voltage Signal Current limit under overload Voltage limit under	R=0 R=∞	020mA / 420mA or 01 $0V \le R \le 15V/Y2$ $Y2/(2mA) \le R \le \infty$ $\le 1.25*Y2$ with current output $\le 100mA$ with voltage output $\le 1.25*Y2$ with voltage output $\le 30V$ with current output	OV t	Content foliane selection	io inioogii Dii Swiicii	63 OI PI	- Syruming
Residual Ripple in output signal Response time		≤ 1% pk-pk < 400ms					
Auxiliary Power Supply							
AC/DC auxiliary supply AC auxiliary supply frequency range Auxiliary supply consumption		60V300V AC/DC ± 5% 45 to 65Hz 60V300V AC/DC 24V60V AC/DC		24V60V AC/DC A for single output A for single output	± 105% ≤ 10VA for dual out ≤ 6VA for dual outp		
Accuracy (According to IEC 60688)				9.5 55 65			
Reference value Basic accuracy Factor C (the highest value applies if co	ilculated C	Output end value Y2 (voltage class 0.5 Lis less than 1, then C=1 applie Linear characteristics $C = \frac{1-(Y0/Y2)}{1-(X0/X2)} \text{or C=1}$		For $X0 \le X \le X1$ For $X1 \le X \le X2$	Bent characteristics $C = \frac{[Y1-Y0] \cdot X2}{[X1-X0] \cdot Y2}$ $C = \frac{1-[Y1/Y2]}{[X1-X0] \cdot Y2}$	or	C=1
Reference conditions for Accuracy					1-(X1/X2)		
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN 6 Rated voltage / Rated current Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 50 or 60Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1% Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1% according to IEC EN 60688	with I	DC current output signal DC voltage output signal			
Additional Error		1000//1000					
Temperature influence Influence of Variations		± 0.2% / 10°C					
As per IEC EN 60688 Standard		Output Stability		< 30min			
Environmental							
Nominal range of use Storage temperature Relative humidity of annual mean Altitude		0°C <u>23°C</u> 45°C (usage gr -40 to +70°C ≤ 75% 2000m max.	oup II)				



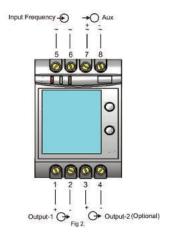
Safety	
Protection class	II (Protection isolated, EN 61010)
Protection	IP40, housing according to EN 60 529
	IP20, terminal according to EN 60 529
Pollution degree	2
Installation category	III
Installation voltage	50 Hz, 1min (EN 61 010-1)
-	5500V DC, input versus outer surface
	3700V DC, input versus all other circuits
	3700V DC, auxiliary supply versus outer surface and output
	490V DC, output versus output versus each other versus outer surface
Installation data	
Mechanical housing	Lexan 940, polycarbonate, flammability class V-0 according to UL94, self xtinguishing,
-	non dripping, free of halogen
Mounting position	Rail mounting/ wall mounting
Weight	approx. 0.4kg
Ambient tests	
EN 60 068-2-6	Vibration
Acceleration	± 2 g
Frequency range	10 ¹ 5010Hz
Rate of frequency sweep	1 octave /minute
Number of cycles	10, in each of the three axes
EN 60 068-2-7	Schock
Acceleration	3x50g / 3 shocks in each direction
IEC 61000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6 EN 55 011	Electromagnetic compatibility

LED Indication

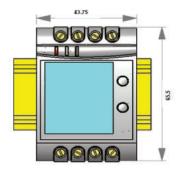
ON LED	Aux. supply healthy condition	Green LED continuous ON
O/P1	Output1 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON
LED	Output1 current selection	Red LED continuous ON
O/P2	Output2 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON
LED	Output2 current selection	Red LED continuous ON

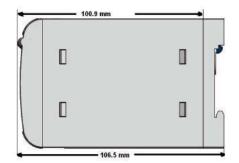
Electrical Connections

Connection	Terminal details	
Measuring input	~	5
Tricasoring inper	~	6
Aili	~,+	7
Auxiliary power supply	~,-	8
AA 1	+	1
Measuring output-1	-	2
Measuring output-2	+	3
Measuring output-2	-	4



Dimensions







Programming

Can be done in two ways:

- 1. Programming via front LCD and two keys
- Programming via optional RS485 (MODBUS) communication port (Device address, Password, communication parameter, Output Type and simulation mode can be programmed).

Configuration CIP Transducer

To configure CIP Transducers Input/Output one of the two programming methods to be adapted along with mechanical switch setting (DIP switch setting on PCB)

DIP Switch Setting for Output

Type of output (current to voltage signal) has to be set by DIP switch. For programming of DIP switch the user needs to open the transducer housing and set the DIP switch located on PCB to the desired output type voltage or current output range changing is not possible with DIP switch setting.

The four pole DIP switch is located on the PCB on the CIP Transducers

DIP Swicth Setting	Type of output signal
ON [] [] [] [] [] []	load-independent current
ON [] [] [] [] []	load-independent voltage

Туре	Description	Output (to indicate)	Auxiliary supply (to indicate)
CIP-CA	Compact 1 output	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC
CIP-CV	Compact 1 output Voltage	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC



CIP-HZ - Transducers of Frequecy



- Onsite selectable output type (DC current/ DC voltage)
- Accuracy class 0.5 (IEC/EN60688)
- Wide Auxiliary power supply which can be accept any between 60 300V AC/DC or 24V 60V AC/DC
- Output response time < 400ms
- · Fast and easy installation on DIN RAIL or onto a wal or in a panel using optional screw hole bracket
- Connection terminal: Conventional screw type
- Fully onsite programmable input range
- Seven segment LCD Display

Optional

- · Available in single or dual output type
- RS485 (MODBUS) Communication

Application

The CIP-Hz transducer is used for frequency measurement. The outpur signal is proportional to measured frequency and is either load independient DC current or load independient DC voltage.

Product Features

Measuring Input

Sine wave or distorted wave form of nominal input voltage with fundamental wave.

Analog Output (Single or dual)

Isolated analog output which can be set onsite either to voltage or current output..

Accuracy

Ouput signal accuracy class 0.5 as per International Standard IEC/EN60688.

Programmable Input/Output

Onsite transducer can be programmed using front key and display or through RS485.

LED Indication

LED Indication for power in and output type. (Current red LED, voltage green LED).

Display Module

Optional 7 segment LCD display with backlit and keypad. For displaying measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

RS485 Communication (Optional)

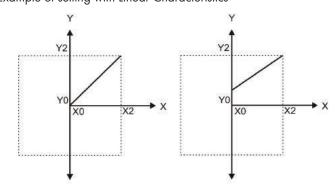
Optional RS485 communication is available. For reading measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

Symbols and their meaning

Χ	Input Frequency
XO	Start value of input
X1	Elbow value of input
X2	End value of input
Υ	Output DC Voltage / DC Current
YO	Start value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
Y1	Elbow value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
Y2	End value of output DC
	Voltage / DC Current
RN	Rated value of output burden
UN	Nominal input voltage

Output characteristics:

Example of setting with Linear Characteristics



XO =	Start value of input	Y0 =	Start value of input
X1 =	Elbow value of input	Y1 =	Elbow value of input
X2 =	End value of input	Y2 =	End value of input

Note: End value (Y2) of output cannot be changed onsite



Technical Specifications							
Measuring Input X - Frequency Tran	sducer (C	IP-Hz)					
Measuring ranges		45Hz to 55Hz 48Hz to	52Hz	55Hz to 65Hz	45Hz to 65Hz	(min spo	an 4Hz)
Nominal input voltage (UN)		57V ≤ U _N ≤ 500V				, ,	•
Nominal input voltage burden		< 0.6VA max					
Overload capacity		1.2*U _N , continuously					
e verious capacity		2* for 1 second, repeated 1	O times at	10 minute intervals			
		(but maximun 300V with por			suring input)		
Measuring Output Y(Single or optio	onal dual)	(20		powerou nom mou	gpo.,		
Output type		Load independent DC voltaç	ie or DC cu	rrent (onsite selecto	ble through DIP switch	nes or pro	arammin
Load independient DC output		020mA / 420mA or 0		(9
Output burden with DC current Signal		$0V \le R \le 15V/Y2$					
Output burden with DC voltage Signal		$Y2/(2mA) \le R \le \infty$					
Current limit under overload	R=O	≤ 1.25*Y2 with current outp					
Current littiii urider overlodd	K-O		UI				
or la la sa la		≤ 60mA with voltage output					
Voltage limit under	R=∞	≤ 1.25 *Y2 with voltage outp	out				
		≤ 30V with current output					
Residual Ripple in output signal		≤ 1% pk-pk					
Response time		< 400ms					
Auxiliary Power Supply							
AC/DC auxiliary supply		60V300V AC/DC ± 5%	or	24V60V AC/D0	^ + 105%		
AC auxiliary supply frequency range		45 to 65Hz	0 1	1-1001 AC/ D	0 _ 100 /0		
Auxiliary supply consumption		60V300V AC/DC	< 8\/\Delta fo	or single output	≤ 10VA for dual ou	itnut	
Auxiliary supply consumption		24V60V AC/DC		or single output	≤ 6VA for dual out		
		24V00V AC/ DC	231710	or single output	<u> </u>	Pui	
Accuracy (According to IEC 60688)							
Reference value		Output end value Y2 (voltag	e or curren	t)			
Basic accuracy		class 0.5					
Factor C (the highest value applies if co	alculated C	is less than 1, then C=1 appl	es)				
. •		Linear characteristics	•		Bent characteristics	5	
		C = 1-(Y0/Y2) or $C=1$		For $X0 \le X \le X1$	$C = (Y1-Y0) \cdot X2$	or	C=1
						٠.	•
		1-(X()/X/)			(X1-X0) Y2		
		1-(X0/X2)			(X1-X0) Y2		
		1-(X0/X2)		For X1< X < X2		or	C=1
		1-(XU/XZ)		For X1≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Reference conditions for Accuracy		1-(XU/XZ)		For X1 ≤ X ≤ X2		or	C=1
Reference conditions for Accuracy Ambient temperature				For X1 ≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature		23°C +/- 1°C	60688	For X1 ≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN		For X1≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer	nt	For X1≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110	nt	For X1≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz	nt	For X1≤ X ≤ X2	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range	nt 7		C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Reference conditions for Accuracy Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E	nt 7 9C current c	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range	nt 7 9C current c	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence nfluence of Variations		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability	nt 7 OC current c OC voltage	output signal output signal	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Iemperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61	nt 7 OC current o OC voltage	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence nfluence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IEC	ot of the second	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	Or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61	ot of the second	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	Or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Imperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to E IP20, terminal according to E	ot of the second	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Imperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 50.60Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to E IP20, terminal according to E 2 III	ot of the second	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 50.60Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to E IP20, terminal according to E III 1m (EN 61 010-1)	00 current of contract of the	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, termin	OC current of color o	output signal output signal < 30min	C = 1-(Y1/Y2)	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, termin	OC current of contract of the	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Imperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to E IP20, terminal according to E IP20, terminal according to E 2 III 1m (EN 61 010-1) 7700V DC, input versus oute 5200V DC, input versus all 6 5200V DC, auxiliary supply	OC current of contract of the contract of the current of the curre	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Dutput load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation voltage		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, termin	OC current of contract of the contract of the current of the curre	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Dutput load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category Installation voltage		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20 terminal according to IP20, terminal	OC current of Contract of Cont	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning mput variable nput waveform nput signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Dutput load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category Installation voltage Environmental Nominal range of use		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20 DC, input versus outs 5200V DC, input versus all c 5200V DC, auxiliary supply 690V DC, output versus outs 0°C23°C45°C (usage g	OC current of Contract of Cont	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Imperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category Installation voltage Environmental Nominal range of use Storage temperature		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability III (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20 DC, input versus all c 5200V DC, input versus all c 5200V DC, auxiliary supply 690V DC, output versus output 0°C23°C45°C (usage g -40 to +70°C	OC current of Contract of Cont	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	or	C=1
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Auxiliary supply voltage Output load Miscellaneous Additional Error Temperature influence Influence of Variations As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Safety Protection class Protection Pollution degree Installation category		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN Rated voltage / Rated currer Sinusoidal, form factor 1.110 5060Hz at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with E Rn = Y2 / 1mA ± 1%, with E according to IEC EN 60688 ± 0.2% / 10°C Output Stability II (Protection isolated, EN 61 IP40, housing according to IP40, housing according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20, terminal according to IP20 DC, input versus outs 5200V DC, input versus all c 5200V DC, auxiliary supply 690V DC, output versus outs 0°C23°C45°C (usage g	OC current of Contract of Cont	output signal output signal < 30min	$C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$	Or	C=1



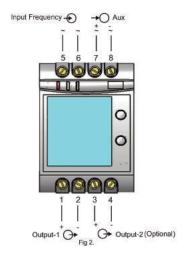
Ambient tests	
EN 60 068-2-6	Vibration
Acceleration	± 2 g
Frequency range	1015010Hz
Rate of frequency sweep	1 octave /minute
Number of cycles	10, in each of the three axes
EN 60 068-2-7	Schock
Acceleration	3x50g
	3 shocks in each direction
EN 60 068-2-1/-2/-3	Cold, dry, damp heat
IEC 61000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6	Electromagnetic compatibility
Installation data	
Mechanical housing	Lexan 940, polycarbonate, flammability class V-0 according to UL94, self xtinguishing,
-	non dripping, free of halogen
Mounting position	Rail mounting/ wall mounting
Weight	approx. 0.4kg
Connection Terminal	
Connection elemet	Convetional screw type terminal with indirect wire pressure
Permissible cross section of the connection lead	≤ 4.0mm² single wire or 2x2.5mm² fine wire

LED Indication

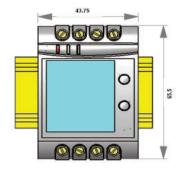
ON LED	Aux. supply healthy condition	Green LED continuous ON
O/P1	Output 1 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON
LED	Output1 current selection	Red LED continuous ON
O/P2	Output2 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON
LED	Output2 current selection	Red LED continuous ON

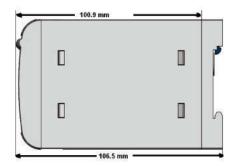
Electrical Connections

Connection	Termino	ıl details
Measuring input	~ ~	5 6
Auxiliary power supply	~,+ ~,-	7 8
Measuring output-1	+	1 2
Measuring output-2	+	3 4



Dimensions







Programming

Can be done in two ways:

- 1. Programming via front LCD and two keys
- Programming via optional RS485 (MODBUS) communication port (Device address, Password, communication parameter, Output Type and simulation mode can be programmed).

Configuration CIP Transducer

To configure CIP Transducers Input/Output one of the two programming methods to be adapted along with mechanical switch setting (DIP switch setting on PCB)

DIP Switch Setting for Output

Type of output (current to voltage signal) has to be set by DIP switch. For programming of DIP switch the user needs to open the transducer housing and set the DIP switch located on PCB to the desired output type voltage or current output range changing is not possible with DIP switch setting.

The four pole DIP switch is located on the PCB on the CIP Transducers

DIP Swicth Setting	Type of output signal
ON [] [] [] [] [] [] []	load-independent current
ON 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	load-independent voltage

Туре	Description	Output (to indicate)	Auxiliary supply (to indicate)
CIP-CA	Compact 1 output	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC
CIP-CV	Compact 1 output Voltage	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	40 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC



CIP-P-Transducers of active / reactive power



- True RMS measurement
- Onsite configurable as active or reactive power
- Accuracy class 0.5 (IEC/EN 60688)
- Wide Auxiliary power supply which can be accept any between 60 300V AC/DC or 24V AC/DC
- Output response time < 700ms standard
- Fast and easy installation on DIN RAIL or onto a wall
- Fully onsite programmable input voltage range and input current range
- Seven segment LCD Display

Optional

- Single or dual output type
- Onsite selectable output type (DC current/ DC voltage)
- RS485 (MODBUS) Communication

Application

The CIP-P transducer is used to measure and convert active or reactive power in to a singple-phase or three-phase AC system with balanced or unbalanced load into a proportional load independent DC current or voltage output signal.

Product Features

Measuring Input

AC voltage/current input signal, sine wave or distorted wave form.

Analog Output (Single or dual)

Isolated analog output which can be set to voltage or current output onsite.

Accuracy

Ouput signal accuracy class 0.5 as per International Standard IEC/EN60688.

Programmable Input/Output

Onsite transducer can be programmed using front key and display or through RS485.

LED Indication

LED Indication for power in and output type. (Current red LED, voltage green LED).

Display Module (Optional)

Optional 7 segment LCD display with backlit and keypad. For displaying measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

RS485 Communication (Optional)

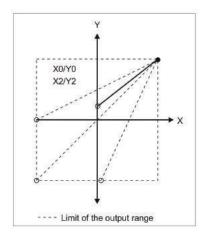
Optional RS485 communication is available. For reading measured parameters and onsite configuration of input/output.

Symbols and their meaning

Χ	Input	Reactive / Active Power
XO	Start value of input	
X1	Elbow value of input	
X2	End value of input	
Υ	Output DC Voltage / D	OC Current
YO	Start value of output De	С
	Voltage / DC Current	
Y1	Elbow value of output I	DC
	Voltage / DC Current	
Y2	End value of output DC	
	Voltage / DC Current	
RN	Rated value of output b	ourden
FN	Nominal frequency	

Output characteristics:

Example of setting with Linear Characteristics



X0 = Start value of input

Y0 = Start value of output

X1 = Elbow value of input

Y1 = Elbow value of output

X2 = End value of input

Y2 = End value of output

Note: End value(Y2) of output cannot be changed onsite.



Technical Specifications		
Measured Parameter		
Network Type Supported by Power transducer:		Single Phase / 3 phase 3 wire Unbalanced / 3 phase 4 wire Unbalanced 3 phase 3 wire balanced / 3 phase 4 wire balanced
Nominal voltage Input U _N		
Nominal input Voltage (AC RMS) (PT Secondary PT Primary range Nominal Frequency F _N Nominal input Voltage burden Overload Capacity	range)	100 V ≤ UN ≤ 500 VL-L 100V to 692.8 KVL-L 25 Hz to 65 Hz (Optional - 400Hz) < 0.6 VA per phase at U _N 1.2 * U _N continuously, 2 * U _N for 1 second, repeated 10 times at 10 minute intervals (Un maximum 300V with power supply powered from measuring input).
Nominal current Input In		
Nominal input Current (AC RMS) (CT Secondary CT Primary range Nominal Frequency F _N Nominal input Current burden Overload Capacity	range)	1 A \leq I _N \leq 5 A 1 A to 9999 A 25 Hz to 65 Hz (Optional - 400Hz) < 0.2 VA per phase at I _N 1.2 * I _N continuously, 10 * I _N for 3 second, repeated 5 times at 5 minute intervals. 50 * I _N for 1 second, repeated 1 times at 1 hour interval (Max 250 A).
Allowed measuring range end values X2 (co	libration f	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
With single phase AC active/ reactive power With 3-phase AC active/ reactive power		0.30 \leq (X2/ Rated power) \geq 1.3 \bullet U _N / $\sqrt{3}$ \bullet I _N 0.30 \leq (X2/ Rated power) \geq 1.3 \bullet $\sqrt{3}$ \bullet U _N \bullet I _N (For single phase rated power = U _N / $\sqrt{3}$ \bullet I _N) (For three phase rated power = $\sqrt{3}$ \bullet U _N \bullet I _N)
Phase Angle & Power Factor measuring Ran	ge:	
Minimum span 20° to Maximum Span 360°	_	
Measuring output / (Single or optional Dua	l)	
Output type Y2 Load independient DC output Output burden with DC current output signal Output burden with DC voltage output signal Current limit under overload	R=O	Load independent DC voltage or DC current (onsite selectable through DIP switches) Unipolar 020mA / 420mA or 010V Bipolar -20mA0+20mA/ or -10V0+10V 0V ≤ R ≤ 15V/Y2 Y2/(2mA) ≤ R ≤ ∞ ≤ 1.25*Y2 with current output ≤ 100mA with voltage output
Voltage limit under Residual Ripple in output signal	R=∞	1.25*Y2 with voltage output 30V with current output 1% pk-pk
Response time		< 7500ms
Auxiliary supply (according to IEC/EN 6068	8)	
Reference value Basic accuracy Basic Accuracy for Phase Angle & Power Factor Factor C (The highest value applies if calculated	transducer C is less tho Linear ch C = <u>1-(</u> Y	nan 1,then C=1 applies) characteristics Bent characteristics
		For $X1 \le X \le X2$ $C = \frac{1 - (Y1/Y2)}{1 - (X1/X2)}$ or $C=1$
Reference conditions for Accuracy		
Ambient temperature Pre-conditioning Imput variable Input waveform Input signal frequency Active/reactive factor For Phase Angle & Power Factor Transducer Auxiliary supply voltage Output load		23°C +/- 1°C 30min according to IEC EN 60688 voltage rated/ current rated Sinusoidal, form factor 1.1107 50 or 60Hz cos = 1 resp. sin = 1 Reference Value For Phase angle = 90° resp. For power factor = 0.5 at nominal range Rn = 7.5V / Y2 ± 1%, with DC current output signal



Miscellaneous

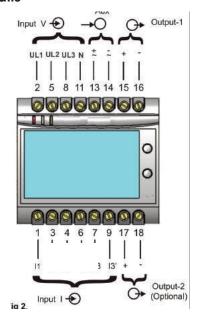
according to IEC EN 60688

Additional error	
Temperature Influence	± 0.2%/10°C
Influence of Variations	
As per IEC EN 60688 Standard Output Stability	< 30min
Safety	
Protection Class	II (Protection Isolated, EN 61010)
Protection	IP 40, housing according to EN 60 529
	IP 20 ,terminal according to EN 60 529
Pollution degree	2
Installation	Category III
Insulation Voltage	1 min. (EN 61010-1)
initial in the same of the sam	7700V DC, Input versus outer surface
	5200V DC, Input versus all other circuits
	5200V DC, Auxiliary supply versus outer surface and output
	690V DC, Output versus output versus each other versus outer surface.
Installation data	7707 BC, Colpor relisos colpor relisos caeli cilici relisos color solitace.
Mechanical Housing	Lexan 940 (polycarbonate) Flammability Class V-0 acc. To UL 94, self extinguishing,
	non dripping, free of halogen
Mounting position	Rail mounting / wall mounting
Weight	Approx. 0.4kg
Connection terminal	
Connection Element	Conventional Screw type terminal with indirect wire pressure
Permissible cross section of the connection lead	\leq 4.0 mm ² single wire or 2 x 2.5 mm ² fine wire
Environmental	
Operating temperature	0°C23°C45°C(usage Group II)
Storage temperature	-40 °C to 70 °C
Relative humidity of annual mean	≤ 75%
Altitude	2000m max
Ambient tests	
Vibration	EN 60 068-2-6
Acceleration	± 2 g
Frequency range	1015010Hz,
Rate of frequency sweep	1 octave/minute
Number of cycles	10, in each of the three axes
Shock	EN 60 068-2-7
Acceleration	3 x 50g 3 shocks in each direction
Cold, Dry, Damp heat	EN 60 068-2-1/-2/-3
Electromagnetic compatibility	IEC 1000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6 - EN 55 011

Electrical Connections

Connection	Terminal details			
	UL1	2		
Measuring Voltage input	UL2	5		
Wiedsoring Vollage Input	UL3	8		
	N	11		
Ail:	~,+	13		
Auxiliary power supply	~,-	14		
Measuring output - 1	+	15		
Medsoring output - 1	-	16		
	11	1		
	11′	3		
Magazzina Current innut	12	4		
Measuring Current input	12′	6		
	13	7		
	13′	9		
Magazzing autout 2	+	17		
Measuring output - 2	-	18		

Terminal details

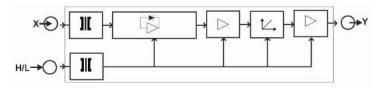




LED Indication

ON LED	Aux. supply healthy condition	Green LED continuous ON		
O/P1	Output 1 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON		
LED	Output 1 current selection	Red LED continuous ON		
O/P2	Output2 voltage selection	Green LED continuous ON		
LED	Output2 current selection	Red LED continuous ON		

Electrical networks



Programming

Can be done in two ways:

- 1. Programming via front LCD and two keys
- Programming via optional RS485 (MODBUS) communication port (Device address, Password, communication parameter, Output Type and simulation mode can be programmed).

Configuration CIP Transducer

To configure CIP Transducers Input/Output one of the two programming methods to be adapted along with mechanical switch setting (DIP switch setting on PCB)

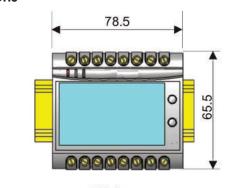
DIP Switch Setting for Output

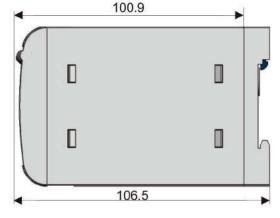
Type of output (current to voltage signal) has to be set by DIP switch. For programming of DIP switch the user needs to open the transducer housing and set the DIP switch located on PCB to the desired output type voltage or current output range changing is not possible with DIP switch setting.

The four pole DIP switch is located on the PCB on the CIP Transducers

DIP Swicth Setting	Type of output signal		
ON	load-independent current		
ON 1234	load-independent voltage		

Dimensions





Туре	Description		Output 1 or 2 outputs (to indicate)	Auxiliary supply (to indicate)
Active power	CIP-P/1w CIP-P/1d CIP-P/2 CIP-P/1 CIP-P/3	1-Phase 3-Phases 3 wire balanced 3-Phases 3 wire unbalanced 3-Phases 4 wire balanced 3-Phases 4 wire unbalanced	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	60 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC
Reactive power	CIP-P/1wb CIP-P/1db CIP-P/2 b CIP-P/1 b CIP-P/3 b	1-Phase 3-Phases 3 wire balanced 3-Phases 3 wire unbalanced 3-Phases 4 wire balanced 3-Phases 4 wire unbalanced	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 0 - 10V	60 - 300V AC/DC 24 - 60V AC/DC



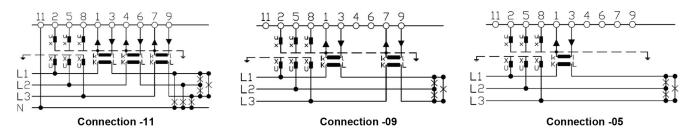
CPQT2: 2 Analog outputs / CPQT4: 4 Analog outputs



DIN rail, fully programmable, high accuracy, the multi-transducer, can be used with 50, 60 or $16\frac{2}{3}$ Hz rated frequencies with a wide range of AC and DC auxiliary supply. This transducer can measure active and reactive powers, power factors, and all other electrical quantities including voltage and current for any 3-phase system. The CPQT can be easily programmed through its USB micro standard port and ConfigLQT free software.

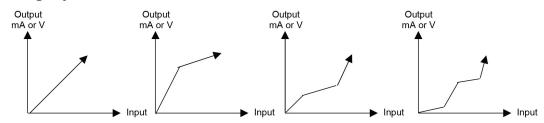
Technical Data						
Input						
Voltage range (Un)	100 - 400 V (L-L) main voltage (nominal)					
Measuring range	1 - 520 V TRMS L-L 50/60 Hz 1 - 520 V TRMS L-L 16¾ Hz					
Configurable measuring range	0 - 500 V L-L / 0 - 300 V L-N					
Frecuency	50/60 Hz (104070120 Hz) 16% Hz (101518120 Hz)					
Overload voltage	1.5 x Un - continuously, 2 x Un - 10 s					
Consumption	Un x 1 mA / Phase					
Current Input (In)	1 - 5 A					
Measuring range	5 mA - 10 A TRMS					
Configurable measuring range	0 - 10 A					
Overload current	2 x In continuously, 10 x In 15 s, 40 x In 1 s					
Auxiliary power supply	24 - 230 VDC / 90 - 230 V AC ±10 %					
Burden	max 7.2 W / 15 VA					
Outputs						
Analog outputs	2 or 4					
Programmable range	±20 mA, ±5 mA, ±10 V (settings within the rang					
External resistance load	Current output: max 750 Ω (15 V) Voltage output: min 750 Ω					
Response time	<100 msec					
Digital outputs	2 (Energy pulse output)					
Analogue output ripple	≤0.2%					
Communication	Modbus RS485 (RTU)					
Measured quantities	F, U12, U23, U31, U, I, P, S, IS, LF, PF, QF, PA					
Accuracy	0.2 (Ref. temp. 23 °C)					
Galvanic isolation	Supply, in- and output are galvanically isolated					
Connection terminals/Torque						
Humidity						
USB	95% non-condensing					
Temperature range	Operation: -10 to +55 C° Storage -40 to +70 C°					
Temperature coefficient	< 0.1% / 10 C°					
Test voltage	4 kV AC / min					
Inputs	Overvoltage cat. III					
Pollution degree	2					
Dimensions (w x h x d)	70 x 132 x 101 mm - DIN-rail					
Weight	approx. 300 gr					
Protection	IP40 (housing), IP20 (terminals)					
Standard	SS-EN 60688: 2021 Transducers SS-EN 601010 -1 Safety EN 61000-6-2 / -6-4 / -6-5					

Configurable system connection											
Code	Application	11	12	13	N	Ul	U2	U3	U12	U23	U31
00	4 wire, 3 phases symmetric load	х	-	-	х	х	-	-	-	-	-
01	1 wire, 1 phase	x	-	-	х	х	-	-	-	-	-
02	3 wire, 3 phase symmetric load	×	-	-	-	-	-	-	х	-	-
03	3 wire, 3 phase symmetric load	х	-	-	-	-			-	х	-
04	3 wire, 3 phase symmetric load	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	х
05	3 wire, 3 phase symmetric load	x	-	-	-	х	х	х	х	х	х
09	3 wire, 3 phase asymmetric load	x	-	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х
11	4 wire, 3 phase asymmetric load	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
11	4 wire, 3 phase asymmetric load	x	х	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х



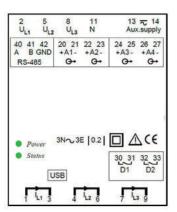
Configurable characteristic point (analog outputs)

Up to setting 5 points

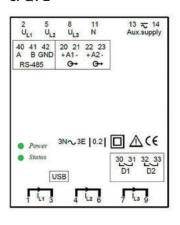


Connections:

CPQT-4



CPQT-2



Dimensions:





Coming	orab	le system connection					
Quantity	uantity Unit Description		Measured	Value			
F	Hz	Frequency	System	F			
I	Α	Current	System	I = (I1+I2+I3)/3			
11	Α	Phase current	L1	11			
12	Α	Phase current	L2	12			
13	Α	Phase current	L3	13			
U	٧	Voltage	System	U = (U1+U2+U3)/3			
U1	٧	Phase voltage	L1-N	U1			
U2	٧	Phase voltage	L2-N	U2			
U3	٧	Phase voltage	L3-N	U3			
U12	٧	Phase-phase voltage	L1-L2	U12			
U23	٧	Phase-phase voltage	L2-L3	U23			
U31	٧	Phase-phase voltage	L3-L1	U31			
P	W	Active power	System	P = (P1+P2+P3)/3			
P1	W	Active power	L1	P1			
P2	W	Active power	L2	P2			
P3	W	Active power	L3	P3			
Q	Var	Reactive power	System	Q = (Q1+Q2+Q3)/3			
Q1	Var	Reactive power	L1	Q1			
Q2	Var	Reactive power	L2	Q2			
Q3	Var	Reactive power	L3	Q3			
S	VA	Apparent power	System	S = (S1+S2+S3)/36			
S1	VA	Apparent power	L1	S1 = U1*I1			
S2	VA	Apparent power	L2	S2 = U2*I2			
S3	VA	Apparent power	L3	S3 = U3*I3			
PF	-	Active power factor (cosφ)	System	PF = (1+2+3)/3			
PF1	-	Active power factor (cos\$1)	L1	PF1			
PF2	-	Active power factor (cos\$42)	L2	PF2			
PF3	-	Active power factor (cos\$43)	L3	PF3			
QF	-	Reactive power factor (sin \$)	System	QF = (1+2+3)/3			
QF1	-	Reactive power factor (sin \$\phi\$1)	L1	QF1			
QF2	-	Reactive power factor (sin\$\dagger\$2)	L2	QF2			
QF3	-	Reactive power factor (sin\$43)	L3	QF3			
LF	-	LF Factor	System	LF = sign(Q)*(1-(PF))			
LF1	-	LF Factor	L1	LF1 = sign(Q1)*(1-(PF1))			
LF2	-	LF Factor	L2	LF2 = sign(Q2)*(1-(PF2))			
LF3	-	LF Factor	L3	LF3 = sign(Q3)*(1-(PF3))			
PA	Deg	Phase angle 	System	PA = (1+2+3)/3			
PA1	Deg	Phase angle \$ 1	L1	PA1			
PA2	Deg	Phase angle \$ 2	L2	PA2			
PA3	Deg	Phase angle \$ 3	L3	PA3			
IS	Α	Bidirectional current	System	IS = (1+2+3)/3			
IS1	Α	Bidirectional current	L1	IS1			
IS2	Α	Bidirectional current	L2	IS2			
IS3	Α	Bidirectional current	L3	IS3			

Order information required:

- number of analog outputs: 2 (CPQT-2) or 4(CPQT-4)

- Range of analog outputs: ±20 mA, ±5 mA or ±10 V

- Frequency: 50/60Hz or 16% Hz

Order example:

- CPQT4 with 4 analog outputs, 2 digital, RS485, ± 20 mA, 50/60 Hz with standard configuration
- CPQT2 with 2 analog outputs, 2 digital, RS485, ± 10 V, 50/60 Hz with standard configuration
- CPQT2 with 2 analog outputs, 2 digital, RS485, ± 20 mA, $16\frac{2}{3}$ Hz, with standard configuration





Celsa Messgerate España S.L. Els Francs 7 46116 Masias-Moncada (Polígono Industrial Moncada II) Valencia- España

Telephone: +34 961 309 378

Web: www.celsamessgerate-spain.com

Email: info@celsaspain.com